to offer any advice and counsel until one day in the Chamber I sat down by Sid Carnahan. We quickly became good friends, and in the ensuing days our colleague gave me counsel which was most valuable and most helpful. I never knew until today what the initials "A.S.J." stood for. He was just "Sin" to all of us. He is a man of great ability, and a man of high integrity. gentleman from Minnesota [Mr. Judd] spoke something about the valuable service he has given to this country on the Committee on Foreign Affairs. observe that his chairman, the gentleman from Pennsylvania, Dr. Morgan, is present and will doubtless make comment on that valuable service.

In order to make this brief, I shall conclude and simply say "To you, Sid, good luck and good fortune in all you

Mr. MORGAN. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. CANNON. I yield.

Mr. MORGAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise at this time to extend my best wishes to my dear friend and colleague, A. S. J. CARNAHAN, who is retiring at the end of this session after having served the 8th District of Missouri ably and with great distinction since the 79th Congress.

SID CARNAHAN and I came to the Congress at the same time, and we both began our service together on the Committee on Foreign Affairs in 1946 where, except for the 80th Congress, SID CARNA-HAN has served continuously and with ever-increasing skill and ability as an expert in the field of foreign affairs.

I am indeed sorry to see SID CARNAHAN leave the Congress. We can ill spare so able a legislator. He has rendered great service to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, to the House of Representatives and to our country. He has distinguished himself in many capacities and has fulfilled difficult assignments with great credit to himself and to our country, including the chairmanship of the Foreign Affairs Subcommittee on International Organizations, his service as U.S. delegate to the United Nations General Assembly, and during his service as a congressional adviser to the Second International Conference on Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy.

SID CARNAHAN possesses a unique and deep knowledge of foreign affairs problems gained not only by his service on the Foreign Affairs Committee but through the study missions abroad which he has undertaken for the committee. These have taken him to nearly all parts of the world, and the factual information and the keen observations he has been able to make as a result of these missions has been of invaluable help to me and his other colleagues on the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

I know that I speak for his host of friends in the Congress as well as throughout the country when I wish him well and express the hope that he will still be able to find time occasionally to give us the benefit of his sound thinking, his vast wisdom, and his deep knowledge of the problems of foreign affairs. It has been a great pleasure and honor to serve with SID CARNAHAN, and I shall always treasure with fond recollections the memory of the many tasks and the work which we have shared together on the Foreign Affairs Committee.

Mr. FULTON. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. CANNON. Iyield. Mr. FULTON. Mr. Speaker, I am one of those who admire SID CARNAHAN. Through many years of service with him. upon the Foreign Affairs Committee certainly both sides have come to know him well, to appreciate his great abilities and to know his worth as a public servant. The committee, and I am sure the whole Congress, suffers a loss in the fact that he will not be with us next year.

I want to make a public statement of the fine service he has rendered and extend best wishes to him in whatever he may undertake.

It has been a pleasure to watch SID CARNAHAN and how he has done his work, and his ability to unite people across all lines and get a common opinion. I repeat, it has been a pleasure to serve with him, and we are sorry to lose him,

Mr. SAUND. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. CANNON. I yield to the gentleman from California.

Mr. SAUND. Mr. Speaker, I am a new Member and I have had the pleasure and distinct privilege of serving with Mr. CARNAHAN on the Foreign Affairs Committee for 4 years. I found in him a beloved friend and a very keen student of foreign affairs. I think I can say without any reservation that Mr. Carna-HAN today is perhaps the best informed man on international relations. I have sat with him and worked under him on the Committee on International Organization, of which he is chairman.

I join in the tributes that have been paid to him and I wholeheartedly endorse everything that has been said in honoring Mr. CARNAHAN. More than that, Mr. Speaker, I may say that in Mr. CARNAHAN I have found one of the kindliest and most gracious gentlemen I have known in life. I think he represents the loftiest kind of American gentleman. It has been a great privilege to serve with him. We shall miss his counsel as well as his sweet and rewarding companionship keenly.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I yield to the gentleman from Illinois IMr. O'HARA]

Mr. O'HARA of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, among all the members of the Committee on Foreign Affairs is a very deep regret and a keen sense of the tremendous loss to our country in the retirement of Congressman Carnahan. We who worked with him week after week, month after month, year after year knew the qualities of this truly out-standing legislator. When these trying and perilous times have passed, when our security in a happy world of freedom and of peace has been attained, his neighbors in his district in Missouri will be proud indeed that it was their votes that had sent to Washington a man destined for leadership in the long, long struggle for world understanding and the contentment that is possible only in the climate of peace and good will. No

man in public office has worked with more dedication, more effectively, and may I say more unselfishly to this end than the distinguished gentleman from Missouri, our beloved colleague, Mr. CARNAHAN. He is truly a great American, and so he will be written in the history of these times.

Whether the next administration be Democratic or Republican, I predict it will reach into Missouri and give a high post as ambassador to our friend and beloved colleague, Mr. Carnahan. Our country cannot afford to lose the service of one so preeminently qualified, so richly experienced, so dedicated.

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, in closing, may I call attention to one remarkable feature of Mr. Carnahan's service here in the House. That is the general appreciation and support he received from Members on both sides of the aisle.

Mr. Speaker, there is no partisanship in national defense. Politics stops at the water. Both parties and the leaders of both parties express warm appreciation of the service of Congressman Carnahan and deep regret that he is leaving the House.

I include as a part of my remarks an excerpt from a letter by Speaker Ray-BURN on one side, and on the other I include a letter from President Eisen-

Speaker Rayburn said: "He is popular with all Members of the House on both sides of the aisle and is, therefore, in a position to be of even greater service to all of us."

President Eisenhower wrote:

THE WHITE HOUSE, Washington, August 15, 1960. The Honorable A. S. J. Carnahan, House of Representatives, Washington, D.C.

DEAB Mr. CARNAHAN: I send you this letter with personal regret, for in it I must take cognizance of your failure of reelection. For these past several years I have watched with growing admiration your dedicated support of the Nation's security interests, particularly your unhesitating determination to put America's primary needs before petty considerations where peace, the advancement of freedom, and the Nation's safety have been concerned.

As you retire from public life, therefore, you carry with you the greatest reward achievable to the dedicated public servant the knowledge that in the matters of greatest moment to our Nation you have kept faith with the American people. Sustained by this knowledge, one can never, in his heart, be defeated.

With personal good wishes,

Sincerely,

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER.

(Mr. CANNON asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks and include certain letters.)

GENERAL LEAVE TO EXTEND REMARKS

Mr. CANNON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that Members may have 5 legislative days in which to extend remarks on the service of the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. Carna-HAN].

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Missouri?

There was no objection.

Mr. TRIMBLE. Mr. Speaker, Congress will not be the same without Sin CARNAHAN. He is one of God's noblemen. To him and Mrs. Carnahan go all our good wishes. May all their years be happy years.

Mr. ZABLOCKI. Mr. Speaker, the House of Representatives has had many distinguished Members who have made an indelible mark on the course of history. To this group we can proudly add the names of our colleagues, Hon. A. S. J. CARNAHAN and Hon, FRANK M. COFFIN.

The closing of this session of the Congress terminates the remarkable careers of these two outstanding Members in the House of Representatives. I deeply regret that our colleagues will not be with us in the 87th Congress. Both are members of the Committee on Foreign Affairs and both will be sorely missed in the next session.

Congressman Carnahan was elected to the 79th Congress and to each Congress since except the 80th. He was appointed to the Committee on Foreign Af- AUTHORIZING COMMITTEE ON UNfairs in the 79th Congress and has served with distinction in that assignment. In 1957 he served as U.S. delegate to the 12th General Assembly of the United Nations.

He has served the Eighth District of Missouri and his country ably during the 14 years that he has been a Member of His distinguished record Congress. transcends local interests, and he made his tremendous ability and statesmanship felt on the national level. We value his friendship, wise counsel, and considerate regard for others.

It was my privilege to serve with Sid CARNAHAN on the Committee on Foreign Affairs for many years. As a Member of the House of Representatives and a member of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, he established himself as an outstanding legislator, giving his time and efforts in discharging his duties for the welfare of the Nation.

My wife joins me in wishing Sin and his dear wife the best of everything in life, and we hope he will not lose contact with his many friends here on Capitol

In Representative Frank M. Coffin the House of Representatives is losing one of the youngest and ablest Members who has served with distinction during the past 4 years. His keen mind and legislative ability have served our country well. The Committee on Foreign Affairs will miss his understanding of the challenge facing our Nation today and how that challenge must be met. His intense loyalty, his always warm and friendly personality, and his evident sincerity contribute richly to those who are associated with him.

Frank Coffin is the type of citizen who is so greatly needed in our country today—a real American and a living example of what can be accomplished by hard work and individual initiative. He is a lawyer with a keen and discerning knowledge and perception, but above all, he is a warm human being who thinks in terms of the welfare of people. Perhaps the greatest measure of the esteem and admiration in which he is held by his constituents was documented when Frank Coffin was elected in 1956 despite the Republican victory in the executive branch in that year.

All our very best wishes go with our distinguished colleague, Frank Coffin, in his bid for the governorship of the State of Maine. As the next Governor of that great State, we wish him continued success. We

AMERICAN ACTIVITIES TO CON-DUCT A FULL AND COMPLETE STUDY OF EACH INTELLIGENCE AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES

(Mr. WALTER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I have today introduced a resolution calling for a full and complete study of each intelligence agency of the United States.

I have long felt that the Congress of the United States should be more fully informed respecting the several intelligence agencies of the Government which are vital in the life-and-death struggle in which we are engaged with the international Communist conspiracy.

While I believe that the Committee on Un-American Activities presently has jurisdiction and the authority to conduct the study which I propose, because of the nature of the subject matter and also to avoid any questions of possible partial overlapping in jurisdiction with other committees, I feel that it is sound practice for me to submit a resolution to the House in which the Committee on Un-American Activities is specifically directed to make this study.

I want to point out that the resolution requires that extreme caution be taken in order to avoid any possible disclosure of confidential information or of techniques employed by our intelligence

Is there duplication or conflict in the powers, jurisdictions, and functioning of our intelligence agencies? Are there areas in which there should be either an extended activity or a withdrawal of activity by these agencies? How can their efficiency be improved? Is the information acquired adequately safeguarded from unauthorized disclosures? Is this information made available for maximum practicable utilization by policymaking agencies of the Government?

These and other questions ought to be carefully and judiciously explored by the representatives of the people. In my judgment, the Committee on Un-American Activities is specially equipped to make this study and I accordingly expect to press for early approval by the House of my resolution.

REPORT TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DIS-TRICT OF WISCONSIN-XIV

(Mr. BYRNES of Wisconsin asked and was given permission to extend his remarks at this point in the Record and to include a table and extraneous mat-

BYRNES of Wisconsin. Mr. Speaker, under leave to extend my remarks, I include a report to the people of the Eighth Congressional District of Wisconsin on my voting and attendance record for the 2d session of the 86th Congress.

The report includes all rollcall votes and all quorum calls. Its purpose is to collect in one place and in concise form information which is scattered through some 18,000 pages of the Congressional RECORD.

The descriptions of the bills and the amendments or motions in the report are for purposes of identification only; no attempt is made to describe the legislation completely or to elaborate upon the issues involved. This word of caution is advisable in view of the fact that the descriptions used are, for the most part, taken from the official titles of the bills which, unfortunately, do not always reflect the nature or true purpose of the legislation. Upon request, I will be pleased to furnish more complete information concerning any particular bill, as well as a summary of the issues involved and the reasons for my vote.

The furnishing of this report continues a service I began in the 1st session of the 80th Congress. This is the 14th report of my voting and attendance record. These 14 reports show how I voted on 1,805 questions in the House of . Representatives. Based on quorum calls and the record votes, they also show an attendance record of 95 percent.

Roll-	Date		
rall No.	1960	Measure, question, and result	Vote
1	Jan. 6	Call of the House.	
2	Feb. 2		Present.
3	Feb. 2	On motion to suspend rules and pass bill. (Passed 278 to 116.) H. Con. Res. 459, expressing the sense of Congress that any new interpretation of treaties with Panama receive approval of Senate; On motion to suspend rules and adopt resolution. (Passed 380 to 12.)	Yea.
4			Yea,
5			Yea.
ł		On passage. (Pussed 222 to 100.). H.R. 3610, establishing Office of Water Pollution Control and increasing from present \$50,000,000 to \$90,000,000 a year grants for construction of sewage treatment works:	Yea,
Footnotes at end of table			